

**ORDERS APPROVED AND BUSINESS TRANSACTED AT THE
PRIVY COUNCIL HELD BY THE QUEEN AT WINDSOR CASTLE
ON 14TH OCTOBER 2020**

COUNSELLORS PRESENT

**The Rt Hon Jacob Rees-Mogg (Lord President)
The Rt Hon Dr Thérèse Coffey
The Rt Hon Simon Hart
The Rt Hon Priti Patel**

Proclamations Five Proclamations:—

1. determining the specifications and design for a new series of five thousand pound, two thousand pound, one thousand pound and fifty pence gold coins; and a new series of fifty pence coins in gold piedfort, standard silver, silver piedfort and cupro-nickel - celebrating diversity within the United Kingdom;
2. determining the specifications and designs for a new series of one thousand pound, five hundred pound, two hundred pound, one hundred pound and twenty-five pound gold coins; a new series of ten pound, five pound, two pound and one pound silver coins; and a new series of five pound cupro-nickel coins - celebrating British Music and Culture;
3. determining the specifications and designs for a new series of two hundred pound gold coins; and a new series of ten pound silver coins - existing designs being released in new metals/denominations;
4. determining the specifications and designs for a new series of two pound coins in gold, standard silver, silver piedfort and cupro-nickel and nickel-brass - celebrating British Literature;
5. determining the specifications and designs for a new series of fifty pence coins in gold, gold piedfort, standard silver, silver piedfort and cupro-nickel in three designs; (1) a continuation of the British scientists and innovators series (2) Team GB (re-released for the postponed Tokyo

Olympics) (3) Decimal Day will mark 50 years since the decimalisation of Britain's currency in 1971;

and an Order directing the Lord Chancellor to affix the Great Seal to the Proclamations.

Charter
amendments

Three Orders allowing amendments to the Charters of:—

1. Royal Over-Seas League;
2. University of Ulster;
3. The Scout Association.

International
Organisations
Act 1968

1. The Square Kilometre Array Observatory (Immunities and Privileges) Order 2020 (SI).
2. The International Organisations (Immunities and Privileges) (Scotland) Amendment Order 2020 (SSI).

Scotland Act
1998

The Scottish Parliament (Disqualification) Order 2020 (SSI).

Sanctions and
Anti-Money
Laundering Act
2018

The Lebanon (Sanctions) (Overseas Territories) Order 2020 (SI).

Coronavirus
Act 2020

The General Synod of the Church of England (Postponement of Elections) (Amendment) Order 2020 (SI).

Jersey

Order approving the Financial Services (Disclosure and Provision of Information) (Jersey) Law 2020.

Guernsey

Order approving the Marriage (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2020.

Alderney	Order approving the Government of Alderney (Amendment) Law, 2020.
Burial Act 1853 (Notice)	<p>Order giving notice of the discontinuance of burials in:—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. All Saints Churchyard, Burstwick, Hull, East Riding of Yorkshire;2. St John the Evangelist Churchyard, Dewsbury Moor, Dewsbury, West Yorkshire;3. St Mary The Virgin Churchyard, Sellindge, Kent;4. St Andrew's Churchyard, Northover, Ilchester, Somerset.
Burial Act 1853 (Final)	Order prohibiting further burials in All Saints Churchyard, Crawley Down, West Sussex.
Petitions	Order referring a Petition of the Worshipful Company of Fletchers, praying for the grant of a Charter of Incorporation, to a Committee of the Privy Council.



BY THE QUEEN
A PROCLAMATION

**DETERMINING THE SPECIFICATIONS AND DESIGN FOR A
NEW SERIES OF FIVE THOUSAND POUND, TWO THOUSAND
POUND, ONE THOUSAND POUND AND FIFTY PENCE GOLD
COINS; AND A NEW SERIES OF FIFTY PENCE COINS IN
GOLD PIEDFORT, STANDARD SILVER, SILVER PIEDFORT
AND CUPRO-NICKEL CELEBRATING DIVERSITY WITHIN
THE UNITED KINGDOM**

ELIZABETH R.

Whereas under section 3(1)(a), (b), (c), (cc), (cd), (d) and (dd) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to determine the denomination, the design and dimensions of coins to be made at Our Mint, to determine the weight and fineness of certain gold coins, the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins and their least current weight, and to determine the weight and composition of coins other than gold coins or coins of silver of Our Maundy money, and the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins, to provide for the manner of measurement of the variation from the standard weight of coins, and to determine the percentage of impurities which such coins may contain:

And Whereas under section 3(1)(ff) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to direct that any coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount:

And Whereas it appears to Us desirable to order that, to celebrate diversity within the United Kingdom, there should be made at Our Mint a new series of coins of the denominations of five thousand pounds, two thousand pounds, one thousand pounds and fifty pence in gold, and a new series of coins of the denomination of fifty pence in gold piedfort, in standard silver, in silver piedfort and in cupro-nickel:

We, therefore, in pursuance of the said section 3(1)(a), (b), (c), (cc), (cd), (d), (dd) and (ff), and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, proclaim, direct and ordain as follows:

FIVE THOUSAND POUND GOLD COIN

1. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of five thousand pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 5010 grammes, a standard diameter of 175 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999, and being in the shape of an equilateral curve heptagon.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 19.99 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.5 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 4960 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured by weighing each coin separately.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 5000 POUNDS” accompanied by the date of the year, and for the reverse a depiction of a web symbolising the connections between communities across the country and the inscription “DIVERSITY BUILT BRITAIN”. The coin shall have a plain edge.’

TWO THOUSAND POUND GOLD COIN

2. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of two thousand pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 2010 grammes, a standard diameter of 120 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999, and being in the shape of an equilateral curve heptagon.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 9.99 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.5 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 1990 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured by weighing each coin separately.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 2000 POUNDS” accompanied by the date of the year, and for the reverse a depiction of a web symbolising the connections between communities across the country and the inscription “DIVERSITY BUILT BRITAIN”. The coin shall have a plain edge.’

ONE THOUSAND POUND GOLD COIN

3. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of one thousand pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 1005 grammes, a standard diameter of 100 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999, and being in the shape of an equilateral curve heptagon.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 5 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.5 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 995 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured by weighing each coin separately.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 1000 POUNDS” accompanied by the date of the year, and for the reverse a depiction of a web symbolising the connections between communities across the country and the inscription “DIVERSITY BUILT BRITAIN”. The coin shall have a plain edge.’

FIFTY PENCE GOLD COIN

4. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of fifty pence shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 15.5 grammes, a standard diameter of 27.3 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of 916.7, and being in the shape of an equilateral curve heptagon.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, diameter or fineness specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.07 grammes;

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin; and

(c) a variation from the said millesimal fineness of two per mille.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 15.4 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 50 PENCE” accompanied by the date of the year, and for the reverse a depiction of a web symbolising the connections between communities across the country and the inscription “DIVERSITY BUILT BRITAIN”. The coin shall have a plain edge.’

FIFTY PENCE GOLD PIEDFORT COIN

5. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of fifty pence shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 31 grammes, a standard diameter of 27.3 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of 916.7, and being in the shape of an equilateral curve heptagon.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, diameter or fineness specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.15 grammes;

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin; and

(c) a variation from the said millesimal fineness of two per mille.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 30.8 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 50 PENCE” accompanied by the date of the year, and for the reverse a depiction of a web symbolising the connections between communities across the country and the inscription “DIVERSITY BUILT BRITAIN”. The coin shall have a plain edge.’

FIFTY PENCE STANDARD SILVER COIN

6. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of fifty pence shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 8 grammes, a standard diameter of 27.3 millimetres, a standard composition of 925 parts per thousand fine silver, and being in the shape of an equilateral curve heptagon.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, diameter or composition specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.17 grammes;

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin; and

(c) a variation from the said standard composition of five parts per thousand fine silver.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 50 PENCE” accompanied by the date of the year, and for the reverse a depiction of a web symbolising the connections between communities across the country and the inscription “DIVERSITY BUILT BRITAIN”. The coin shall have a plain edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

FIFTY PENCE SILVER PIEDFORT COIN

7. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of fifty pence shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 16 grammes, a standard diameter of 27.3 millimetres, a standard composition of 925 parts per thousand fine silver, and being in the shape of an equilateral curve heptagon.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, diameter or composition specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.25 grammes;

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin; and

(c) a variation from the said standard composition of five parts per thousand fine silver.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 50 PENCE” accompanied by the date of the year, and for the reverse a depiction of a web symbolising the connections between communities across the country and the inscription “DIVERSITY BUILT BRITAIN”. The coin shall have a plain edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

FIFTY PENCE CUPRO-NICKEL COIN

8. (1) A new coin of cupro-nickel of the denomination of fifty pence shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 8 grammes, a standard diameter of 27.3 millimetres, a standard composition of seventy-five per centum copper and twenty-five per centum nickel, and being in the shape of an equilateral curve heptagon.

(2) In the making of the said cupro-nickel coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, diameter or composition specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.35 grammes;

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin; and

(c) a variation from the said standard composition of two per centum copper and two per centum nickel.

(3) The said cupro-nickel coin may contain impurities of three-quarters of one per centum.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 50 PENCE” accompanied by the date of the year, and for the reverse a depiction of a web symbolising the connections between communities across the country and the inscription “DIVERSITY BUILT BRITAIN”. The coin shall have a plain edge.’

(6) The said cupro-nickel coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount not exceeding ten pounds in any part of Our United Kingdom.

9. This Proclamation shall come into force on the fifteenth day of October Two thousand and twenty.

Given at Our Court at Windsor Castle, this fourteenth day of October in the year of Our Lord Two thousand and twenty and in the sixty-ninth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN



BY THE QUEEN

A PROCLAMATION

**DETERMINING THE SPECIFICATIONS AND DESIGNS FOR A NEW
SERIES OF ONE THOUSAND POUND, FIVE HUNDRED POUND,
TWO HUNDRED POUND, ONE HUNDRED POUND AND
TWENTY-FIVE POUND GOLD COINS; A NEW SERIES OF TEN
POUND, FIVE POUND, TWO POUND AND ONE POUND
SILVER COINS; AND A NEW SERIES OF FIVE POUND
CUPRO-NICKEL COINS**

ELIZABETH R.

Whereas under section 3(1)(a), (b), (c), (cc), (cd), (d) and (dd) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to determine the denomination, the design and dimensions of coins to be made at Our Mint, to determine the weight and fineness of certain gold coins, the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins and their least current weight, and to determine the weight and composition of coins other than gold coins or coins of silver of Our Maundy money, and the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins, to provide for the manner of measurement of the variation from the standard weight of coins, and to determine the percentage of impurities which such coins may contain:

And Whereas under section 3(1)(ff) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to direct that any coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount:

And Whereas it appears to Us desirable to order that there should be made at Our Mint a new series of coins of the denominations of one thousand pounds, five hundred pounds, two hundred pounds, one hundred pounds, and twenty-five pounds in gold, a new series of coins of the denominations of ten pounds, five pounds, two pounds and one pound in silver, and a new series of coins of the denomination of five pounds in cupro-nickel:

We, therefore, in pursuance of the said section 3(1)(a), (b), (c), (cc), (cd), (d), (dd) and (ff), and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, proclaim, direct and ordain as follows:

ONE THOUSAND POUND GOLD COIN

1. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of one thousand pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 1005 grammes, a standard diameter of 100 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 5 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.25 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 995 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured by weighing each coin separately.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 1000 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, and for the reverse a depiction of David Bowie and the inscription “BOWIE”. The coin shall have a decorative patterned edge.’

FIVE HUNDRED POUND GOLD COIN

2. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of five hundred pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 156.295 grammes, a standard diameter of 50 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999.9, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.8 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 154.5 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 500 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, and for the reverse a depiction of David Bowie and the inscription “BOWIE”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

TWO HUNDRED POUND GOLD COIN

3. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of two hundred pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 62.42 grammes, a standard diameter of 40 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999.9, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.5 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 61.8 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 200 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, and for the reverse a depiction of David Bowie and the inscription “BOWIE”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

ONE HUNDRED POUND GOLD COIN

4. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of one hundred pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 31.21 grammes, a standard diameter of 32.69 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999.9, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.15 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 31.01 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be either:

(a) ‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 100 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, and for the reverse a depiction of David Bowie and the inscription “BOWIE”; or

(b) For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 100 POUNDS”, and for the reverse a depiction of David Bowie and the inscription “BOWIE” accompanied by “2021 1OZ FINE GOLD 999.9” in microtext.

The coin shall have a grained edge.’

TWENTY-FIVE POUND GOLD COIN

5. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of twenty-five pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 7.8 grammes, a standard diameter of 22 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999.9, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.025 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 7.75 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 25 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, and for the reverse a depiction of David Bowie and the inscription “BOWIE”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

TEN POUND SILVER COIN

6. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of ten pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 156.295 grammes, a standard diameter of 65 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.783 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 10 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, and for the reverse a depiction of David Bowie and the inscription “BOWIE”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

FIVE POUND SILVER COIN

7. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of five pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 62.42 grammes, a standard diameter of 40 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.195 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 5 POUNDS ·”, and the date of the year, and for the reverse a depiction of David Bowie and the inscription “BOWIE”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

TWO POUND SILVER COIN

8. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of two pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 31.21 grammes, a standard diameter of 38.61 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.15 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be either:

(a) ‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 2 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, and for the reverse a depiction of David Bowie and the inscription “BOWIE”. The coin shall have a plain edge and in incuse letters the inscription “THE STARS ARE NEVER FAR AWAY”; or

(b) For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 2 POUNDS”, and for the reverse a depiction of David Bowie and the inscription “BOWIE” accompanied by “2021 1OZ FINE SILVER 999” in microtext.

The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

ONE POUND SILVER COIN

9. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of one pound shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 15.71 grammes, a standard diameter of 27 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.16 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 1 POUND ·” and the date of the year, and for the reverse a depiction of David Bowie and the inscription “BOWIE”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

FIVE POUND CUPRO-NICKEL COIN

10. (1) A new coin of cupro-nickel of the denomination of five pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 28.28 grammes, a standard diameter of 38.61 millimetres, a standard composition of seventy-five per centum copper and twenty-five per centum nickel, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said cupro-nickel coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, diameter or composition specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.75 grammes;

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin; and

(c) a variation from the said standard composition of two per centum copper and two per centum nickel.

(3) The said cupro-nickel coin may contain impurities of three-quarters of one per centum.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said cupro-nickel coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 5 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, and for the reverse a depiction of David Bowie and the inscription “BOWIE”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(6) The said cupro-nickel coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

11. This Proclamation shall come into force on the fifteenth day of October Two thousand and twenty.

Given at Our Court at Windsor Castle, this fourteenth day of October in the year of Our Lord Two thousand and twenty and in the sixty-ninth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN



BY THE QUEEN

A PROCLAMATION

**DETERMINING THE SPECIFICATIONS AND DESIGNS FOR A NEW
SERIES OF TWO HUNDRED POUND GOLD COINS; AND A NEW
SERIES OF TEN POUND SILVER COINS**

ELIZABETH R.

Whereas under section 3(1)(a), (b), (c), (cc), (cd) and (d) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to determine the denomination, the design and dimensions of coins to be made at Our Mint, to determine the weight and fineness of certain gold coins, the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins and their least current weight, and to determine the weight and composition of coins other than gold coins or coins of silver of Our Maundy money, and the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins, and to provide for the manner of measurement of the variation from the standard weight of coins:

And Whereas under section 3(1)(ff) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to direct that any coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount:

And Whereas it appears to Us desirable to order that there should be made at Our Mint a new series of coins of the denomination of two hundred pounds in gold, and a new series of coins of the denomination of ten pounds in silver:

We, therefore, in pursuance of the said section 3(1)(a), (b), (c), (cc), (cd), (d) and (ff), and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, proclaim, direct and ordain as follows:

TWO HUNDRED POUND GOLD COIN

1. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of two hundred pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 62.42 grammes, a standard diameter of 40 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.5 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 61.8 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 200 POUNDS · 2020”, and for the reverse a portrait of George III in a crowned cartouche accompanied by the floral emblems of the United Kingdom, His Royal cypher and scenes associated with His life. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

TEN POUND SILVER COIN

2. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of ten pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 311.527 grammes, a standard diameter of 89 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.48 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.25 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

'For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription "· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 10 POUNDS", and for the reverse a depiction of Britannia standing upon a rock in the sea, her right hand grasping a trident and her left resting on a shield and holding an olive branch, with the inscription "· BRITANNIA · (the date of the year) · 10 OZ · 999 · FINE · SILVER ·". The coin shall have a grained edge.'

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

3. This Proclamation shall come into force on the fifteenth day of October Two thousand and twenty.

Given at Our Court at Windsor Castle, this fourteenth day of October in the year of Our Lord Two thousand and twenty and in the sixty-ninth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN



BY THE QUEEN

A PROCLAMATION

**DETERMINING THE SPECIFICATIONS AND DESIGNS FOR A
NEW SERIES OF TWO POUND COINS IN GOLD, STANDARD
SILVER, SILVER PIEDFORT AND CUPRO-NICKEL AND
NICKEL-BRASS**

ELIZABETH R.

Whereas under section 3(1)(a), (b), (cc), (cd), (d) and (dd) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to determine the denomination, the design and dimensions of coins to be made at Our Mint, to determine the weight and composition of coins other than gold coins or coins of silver of Our Maundy money, and the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins, to provide for the manner of measurement of the variation from the standard weight of coins, and to determine the percentage of impurities which such coins may contain:

And Whereas under section 3(1)(f) and (ff) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to direct that coins made at Our Mint other than gold, silver, cupro-nickel and bronze coins shall be current and that any coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount:

And Whereas under section 6(2) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to prescribe the composition of the standard trial plates to be used for determining the justness of coins of any metal other than gold, silver or cupro-nickel:

And Whereas it appears to Us desirable to order that there should be made at Our Mint a new series of coins of the denomination of two pounds in gold, in standard silver, in silver piedfort, and in cupro-nickel and nickel-brass:

We, therefore, in pursuance of the said section 3(1)(a), (b), (cc), (cd), (d), (dd), (f) and (ff), the said section 6(2), and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, proclaim, direct and ordain as follows:

TWO POUND GOLD COIN

1. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of two pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard diameter of 28.4 millimetres, being circular in shape and having joined concentric inner and outer sections.

(2) Without prejudice to section 1(2) of the Coinage Act 1971, the inner and outer sections may consist of different alloys.

(3) The approximate diameter of the inner section shall be 20 millimetres.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

TWO POUND STANDARD SILVER COIN

2. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of two pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight (including the gold plate) of 12 grammes, a standard diameter of 28.4 millimetres, a standard composition (excluding the gold plate) of 925 parts per thousand fine silver, being circular in shape, and having joined concentric inner and outer sections, the outer section being plated with fine gold.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, composition or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.25 grammes for the inner and outer sections;

(b) in relation to those parts of the coin other than the gold plating, a variation from the said standard composition of five parts per thousand fine silver; and

(c) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The approximate diameter of the inner section shall be 20 millimetres.

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

TWO POUND SILVER PIEDFORT COIN

3. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of two pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight (including the gold plate) of 24 grammes, a standard diameter of 28.4 millimetres, a standard composition (excluding the gold plate) of 925 parts per thousand fine silver, being circular in shape, and having joined concentric inner and outer sections, the outer section being plated with fine gold.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, composition or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.35 grammes for the inner and outer sections;

(b) in relation to those parts of the coin other than the gold plating, a variation from the said standard composition of five parts per thousand fine silver; and

(c) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The approximate diameter of the inner section shall be 20 millimetres.

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

TWO POUND CUPRO-NICKEL AND NICKEL-BRASS COIN

4. (1) A new coin of cupro-nickel and nickel-brass of the denomination of two pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 12 grammes, a standard diameter of 28.4 millimetres, being circular in shape and having joined concentric inner and outer sections, with a standard composition as to the inner section of seventy-five per centum copper and twenty-five per centum nickel, and as to the outer section of seventy-six per centum copper, four per centum nickel and twenty per centum zinc.

(2) In the making of the said cupro-nickel and nickel-brass coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, composition or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.5 grammes for the inner and outer sections;

(b) a variation from the said standard composition as to the inner section of two per centum copper and two per centum nickel, and as to the outer section of two per centum copper, three-quarters of one per centum nickel and two per centum zinc; and

(c) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The approximate diameter of the inner section shall be 20 millimetres.

(4) The inner and outer sections of the said coin may contain impurities of three-quarters of one per centum.

(5) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(6) The composition of the standard trial plates to be used for determining the justness of the nickel-brass outer section of the said coin shall be pure copper, pure nickel and pure zinc.

(7) The said cupro-nickel and nickel-brass coin shall be current and shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

DESIGNS OF THE COINS

5. The designs of the said two pound gold, standard silver, silver piedfort, cupro-nickel and nickel-brass coins shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 2 POUNDS”, and for the reverse either:

(a) a depiction of Sir Walter Scott accompanied by the inscription “SIR WALTER SCOTT NOVELIST HISTORIAN POET” encircled by the inscription “250TH ANNIVERSARY OF HIS BIRTH” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge and in incuse letters the inscription “THE WILL TO DO, THE SOUL TO DARE”, save for the gold coin where the incuse letters shall be accompanied by a plain edge; or

(b) a depiction of the Invisible Man and a Martian encircled by clock numerals accompanied by the inscription “H.G. WELLS” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge and in incuse letters the inscription “GOOD BOOKS ARE THE WAREHOUSES OF IDEAS”, save for the gold coin where the incuse letters shall be accompanied by a plain edge.’

6. This Proclamation shall come into force on the fifteenth day of October Two thousand and twenty.

Given at Our Court at Windsor Castle this fourteenth day of October in the year of Our Lord Two thousand and twenty and in the sixty-ninth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN



BY THE QUEEN

A PROCLAMATION

**DETERMINING THE SPECIFICATIONS AND DESIGNS FOR A
NEW SERIES OF FIFTY PENCE COINS IN GOLD, GOLD
PIEDFORT, STANDARD SILVER, SILVER PIEDFORT AND
CUPRO-NICKEL**

ELIZABETH R.

Whereas under section 3(1)(a), (b), (c), (cc), (cd), (d) and (dd) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to determine the denomination, the design and dimensions of coins to be made at Our Mint, to determine the weight and fineness of certain gold coins, the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins and their least current weight, and to determine the weight and composition of coins other than gold coins or coins of silver of Our Maundy money, and the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins, to provide for the manner of measurement of the variation from the standard weight of coins, and to determine the percentage of impurities which such coins may contain:

And Whereas under section 3(1) (ff) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to direct that any coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount:

And Whereas it appears to Us desirable to order that there should be made at Our Mint a new series of coins of the denomination of fifty pence in gold, in gold piedfort, in standard silver, in silver piedfort and in cupro-nickel:

We, therefore, in pursuance of the said section 3(1)(a), (b), (c), (cc), (cd), (d), (dd) and (ff), and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, proclaim, direct and ordain as follows:

FIFTY PENCE GOLD COIN

1. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of fifty pence shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 15.5 grammes, a standard diameter of 27.3 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of 916.7, and being in the shape of an equilateral curve heptagon.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, diameter or fineness specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.07 grammes;

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin; and

(c) a variation from the said millesimal fineness of two per mille.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 15.4 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be either:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 50 PENCE · 2021” and for the reverse either:

(a) the inscription “1971 DECIMAL DAY” accompanied by a range of pre-decimal coins; or

(b) the inscription “JOHN LOGIE BAIRD TELEVISION PIONEER” accompanied by a depiction of a television mast emitting circular radio waves with a range of dates relating to John Logie Baird and the dates “1888” and “1946” aside the mast; or

(c) symbols depicting individual Olympic sports accompanied by the Olympic Rings, the Team GB logo, the inscription “TEAM GB” and the date 2020; or

For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “ELIZABETH · II · D · G · REG · F · D · 2021” with the denomination “50 PENCE” and for the reverse the inscription “1971 DECIMAL DAY” accompanied by a range of pre-decimal coins.

The coin shall have a plain edge.'

FIFTY PENCE GOLD PIEDFORT COIN

2. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of fifty pence shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 31 grammes, a standard diameter of 27.3 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of 916.7, and being in the shape of an equilateral curve heptagon.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, diameter or fineness specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.15 grammes;

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin; and

(c) a variation from the said millesimal fineness of two per mille.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 30.8 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 50 PENCE · 2021” and for the reverse the inscription “1971 DECIMAL DAY” accompanied by a range of pre-decimal coins. The coin shall have a plain edge.’

FIFTY PENCE STANDARD SILVER COIN

3. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of fifty pence shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 8 grammes, a standard diameter of 27.3 millimetres, a standard composition of 925 parts per thousand fine silver, and being in the shape of an equilateral curve heptagon.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, diameter or composition specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.17 grammes;

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin; and

(c) a variation from the said standard composition of five parts per thousand fine silver.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be either:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 50 PENCE · 2021” and for the reverse either:

(a) the inscription “1971 DECIMAL DAY” accompanied by a range of pre-decimal coins; or

(b) the inscription “JOHN LOGIE BAIRD TELEVISION PIONEER” accompanied by a depiction of a television mast emitting circular radio waves with a range of dates relating to John Logie Baird and the dates “1888” and “1946” aside the mast; or

(c) symbols depicting individual Olympic sports accompanied by the Olympic Rings, the Team GB logo, the inscription “TEAM GB” and the date 2020; or

For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “ELIZABETH · II D · G · REG · F · D · 2021” with the denomination “50 PENCE” and for the reverse the inscription “1971 DECIMAL DAY” accompanied by a range of pre-decimal coins.

The coin shall have a plain edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

FIFTY PENCE SILVER PIEDFORT COIN

4. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of fifty pence shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 16 grammes, a standard diameter of 27.3 millimetres, a standard composition of 925 parts per thousand fine silver, and being in the shape of an equilateral curve heptagon.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, diameter or composition specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

- (a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.25 grammes;
- (b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin; and
- (c) a variation from the said standard composition of five parts per thousand fine silver.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be either:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 50 PENCE · 2021” and for the reverse either:

- (a) the inscription “1971 DECIMAL DAY” accompanied by a range of pre-decimal coins; or
- (b) the inscription “JOHN LOGIE BAIRD TELEVISION PIONEER” accompanied by a depiction of a television mast emitting circular radio waves with a range of dates relating to John Logie Baird and the dates “1888” and “1946” aside the mast; or
- (c) symbols depicting individual Olympic sports accompanied by the Olympic Rings, the Team GB logo, the inscription “TEAM GB” and the date 2020; or

For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “ELIZABETH · II D · G · REG · F · D · 2021” with the denomination “50 PENCE” and for the reverse the inscription “1971 DECIMAL DAY” accompanied by a range of pre-decimal coins.

The coin shall have a plain edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

FIFTY PENCE CUPRO-NICKEL COIN

5. (1) A new coin of cupro-nickel of the denomination of fifty pence shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 8 grammes, a standard diameter of 27.3 millimetres, a standard composition of seventy-five per centum copper and twenty-five per centum nickel, and being in the shape of an equilateral curve heptagon.

(2) In the making of the said cupro-nickel coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, diameter or composition specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.35 grammes;

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin; and

(c) a variation from the said standard composition of two per centum copper and two per centum nickel.

(3) The said cupro-nickel coin may contain impurities of three-quarters of one per centum.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said cupro-nickel coin shall be either:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 50 PENCE · 2021” and for the reverse either:

(a) the inscription “1971 DECIMAL DAY” accompanied by a range of pre-decimal coins; or

(b) the inscription “JOHN LOGIE BAIRD TELEVISION PIONEER” accompanied by a depiction of a television mast emitting circular radio waves with a range of dates relating to John Logie Baird and the dates “1888” and “1946” aside the mast; or

(c) symbols depicting individual Olympic sports accompanied by the Olympic Rings, the Team GB logo, the inscription “TEAM GB” and the date 2020; or

For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “ELIZABETH · II D · G · REG · F · D · 2021” with the denomination “50 PENCE” and for the reverse the inscription “1971 DECIMAL DAY” accompanied by a range of pre-decimal coins.

The coin shall have a plain edge.’

(6) The said cupro-nickel coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount not exceeding ten pounds in any part of Our United Kingdom.

5. This Proclamation shall come into force on the fifteenth day of October Two thousand and twenty.

Given at Our Court at Windsor Castle this fourteenth day of October in the year of Our Lord Two thousand and twenty and in the sixty-ninth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 14th DAY OF OCTOBER 2020

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

It is this day ordered by Her Majesty in Council that the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor do cause the Great Seal of the Realm to be affixed to the five Proclamations of this day's date:

1. determining the specifications and design for a new series of five thousand pound, two thousand pound, one thousand pound and fifty pence gold coins; and a new series of fifty pence coins in gold piedfort, standard silver, silver piedfort and cupro-nickel celebrating diversity within the United Kingdom;
2. determining the specifications and designs for a new series of one thousand pound, five hundred pound, two hundred pound, one hundred pound and twenty-five pound gold coins; a new series of ten pound, five pound, two pound and one pound silver coins; and a new series of five pound cupro-nickel coins;
3. determining the specifications and designs for a new series of two hundred pound gold coins; and a new series of ten pound silver coins;
4. determining the specifications and designs for a new series of two pound coins in gold, standard silver, silver piedfort and cupro-nickel and nickel-brass;
5. determining the specifications and designs for a new series of fifty pence coins in gold, gold piedfort, standard silver, silver piedfort and cupro-nickel.

Richard Tilbrook



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 14th DAY OF OCTOBER 2020

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

Her Majesty has allowed amendments to the Charter of the Royal Over-Seas League as set out in the Schedule below.

Richard Tilbrook

SCHEDULE

AMENDMENTS TO THE CHARTER OF THE ROYAL OVER-SEAS LEAGUE

1. In Article 1 and wherever it occurs subsequently, **delete** “Central Council” and **substitute** “Council”.
2. In Article 2 **delete** “words denoting the masculine gender shall include the feminine gender”.
3. **Delete** Article 4 and **substitute**:
 - “4. a) The objects of the League shall be:
 - (i) to promote an enduring multi-racial fellowship pledged to the support of the Commonwealth and to the service of others and humanity at large.
 - b) The powers of the League shall be as follows, that is to say:-
 - (i) To acquire take over and accept by way of gift from the now existing unincorporated organisation known as the Over-Seas Club and Patriotic League all the real and personal property now belonging to the said existing organisation or held in trust for or for the use of the same and to undertake execute and perform any trusts or conditions affecting any part of such property and to

defray and provide for any debts or liabilities to the discharge of which the said property or any part thereof shall at the time of such acquisition be applicable and to give to any Trustees in whom any such property may be vested a valid receipt, discharge and indemnity for or in respect of the transfer or handing over of the same to the League.

- (ii) To foster interest in the Commonwealth.
- (iii) To maintain social centres in London and at branches in the United Kingdom and overseas to promote international friendship and understanding.
- (iv) To encourage the arts within the Commonwealth, particularly amongst young people.
- (v) To sponsor and encourage projects designed to assist those who are in need.
- (vi) To publish journals
- (vii) To hold social events and lectures and entertain public men and women.
- (viii) To co-operate with kindred societies working for the welfare of the Commonwealth.
- (ix) To form local branches and committees in all parts of the World
- (x) To purchase take on lease or hire or otherwise acquire and hold any lands, buildings, easements or hereditaments of any tenure and any real or personal property and to construct, provide, maintain, repair and alter any buildings, works, stores, furniture plant and things which may from time to time be deemed requisite for any of the purposes of the League.
- (xi) To receive and accept donations endowments and gifts of money, lands, hereditaments, stocks, funds, shares or securities and any other assets whatsoever and either subject or not subject to any special trusts or conditions and in particular to accept and take by way of gift and associate with the League or absorb upon any terms the undertaking and property of any society or body.
- (xii) To borrow or raise money with or without security for any of the purposes of the League.
- (xiii) To make and carry out any arrangement for joint working or co-operation with any other society or body whether incorporated

or not carrying on work similar to any work for the time being carried on by the League.

- (xiv) To undertake, execute and perform any trusts or conditions affecting any real or personal property of any description acquired by the League.
- (xv) To enter into any arrangements for carrying out any of the above objects with any department of the Government or of the Government of any part of the Commonwealth.
- (xvi) To apply for and exercise any powers obtained under any Supplemental Charter or Act of Parliament which may be deemed expedient for any of the purposes of the League.
- (xvii) To accumulate, sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, mortgage or otherwise dispose of or deal with or turn to account all or any property or rights of the League. Provided that no disposition of any real or leasehold property situate in the United Kingdom shall be made without such consent or approval as may by law be required therefor.
- (xviii) To invest from time to time all moneys and funds of the League not immediately required to be expended for the purposes thereof in such investments as may be authorized with respect thereto by or by the powers contained in the instrument of gift (if any) of such moneys or funds or of the moneys or property from which the same shall have arisen or so far as such instrument does not extend in such investments as the Council may from time to time determine or to deposit the same with any Bank. Provided that the League shall not invest money in or retain any securities in respect whereof any liability exists unless the liability is of limited amount and is to be discharged or is capable if the League think fit of being discharged within a fixed period from the date of investments but save as in this proviso mentioned nothing in this Charter shall prevent the League from the full exercise of any discretion or authority given by the donor in the choice of investments. All investments may be varied or transposed from time to time into or for other investments authorized according to the provision of this paragraph with respect to the original investments or the proceeds thereof. Moneys of the League awaiting investment may be advanced on the security of such stocks, funds or securities as the Council may from time to time determine.
- (xix) To grant, continue and pay such salaries, pensions, gratuities or other sums in recognition of services (whether rendered before or

after the granting of this Our Charter) as may from time to time be sanctioned by the Council.

(xx) To do all such other acts and things as are or may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of any of the purposes of the League or the exercise of any its said powers.”.

4. In Article 5:

(a) after ‘Vice-Presidents of the League’ **delete** all the following text up to and including “not subject to retirement” and **substitute** “who shall be appointed in such manner as may be prescribed by or in accordance with the Bye-laws”;

(b) **delete** the remainder of Article 5 and **substitute**:

“There shall be a Council of the League consisting of not less than six or more than twelve Councillors who shall be appointed in such manner as may be prescribed or in accordance with the Bye-laws.”.

5. In Articles 9 to 11 **delete** “ordinary General Meeting” and **substitute** “Annual General Meeting”, wherever it occurs.

6. In Article 10:

(a) **delete** “Chairman of the”;

(b) **delete** “30 members” and **substitute** “50 Members”.

7. In Article 11 **delete** ‘Members’ and **substitute** “members”.

8. In Article 12 after “and voting thereat”:

(a) **insert** full stop;

(b) **delete** the following text to the end of the Article.

9. In Article 13 **insert** “a” before “General Meeting and any new Bye-laws”.



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 14th DAY OF OCTOBER 2020

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

Her Majesty has allowed amendments to the Charter of the University of Ulster as set out in the Schedule to this Order.

Richard Tilbrook

SCHEDULE

AMENDMENTS TO THE CHARTER OF THE UNIVERSITY OF ULSTER

1. In Article 7 **delete** “shall preside over the meetings of the Court”.
2. In Article 11 **delete** “a Pro-Vice-Chancellor, or Pro-Vice-Chancellors, not exceeding five in number” and **substitute** “Deputy Vice-Chancellor”.
3. **Delete** Article 15.
4. **Renumber** Articles 16 to 33 as Articles 15 to 32.
5. In Article 26 as renumbered **delete** “the Court”.
5. In Article 29 as renumbered:
 - (a) **delete** “The Court” and **substitute** “The Council”;
 - (b) after “may at any time” **delete** “on the recommendation of the Council”.
6. In Article 30 as renumbered **delete** “Court or” wherever it occurs.



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 14th DAY OF OCTOBER 2020

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

Her Majesty has approved amendments to the Charter of The Scout Association as set out in the Schedule below.

Richard Tilbrook

SCHEDULE

AMENDMENTS TO THE CHARTER OF THE SCOUT ASSOCIATION

1. In Article 1:
 - (a) after ““The President”” **insert** ““The Joint Presidents””;
 - (b) after “the President” **insert** “or Joint Presidents”.
2. In Article 3:
 - (a) after “approval of the President” **insert** “or either of the Joint Presidents”;
 - (b) after “The President” **insert** “or Joint Presidents”;
 - (c) after “be such person” **insert** “or such two persons”.
3. In Article 5 after “by the President” **insert** “or either of the Joint Presidents”.



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 14th DAY OF OCTOBER 2020

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

The following report from the Committee of Council for the Affairs of Jersey and Guernsey was today read at the Board:

“In accordance with Your Majesty’s General Order of Reference of 22nd February 1952 the Committee have considered a letter from the Deputy Greffier of the States of Jersey transmitting an Act passed on 14th July 2020 entitled the Financial Services (Disclosure and Provision of Information) (Jersey) Law 2020:

“The Committee have considered the Act and have agreed to report that it may be advisable for Your Majesty to approve and ratify it.”

Her Majesty, having taken the report into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve and ratify the Act (a copy of which is annexed to this Order) and to order that it, together with this Order, shall be entered on the Register of the Island of Jersey and observed accordingly. Her Majesty’s Officers in the Island, and all others whom it may concern, are therefore to take notice of Her Majesty’s Order and to proceed accordingly.

Richard Tilbrook



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 14th DAY OF OCTOBER 2020

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

The following report from the Committee of Council for the Affairs of Jersey and Guernsey was today read at the Board:

“In accordance with Your Majesty’s General Order of Reference of 22nd February 1952 the Committee have considered a Petition of the States of Guernsey:

“That, in pursuance of their Resolutions of 28th February 2019 and 24th April 2020, the States of Deliberation at a meeting on 24th April 2020 approved a Projet de Loi entitled the Marriage (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2020 and requested the Bailiff to present a most humble Petition to Your Majesty in Council praying for Your Royal Sanction to it. That the States of the Island of Alderney at a meeting held on 10th June 2020 considered the Projet de Loi when a Resolution was passed agreeing to the application to Alderney. That the Chief Pleas of the Island of Sark at a meeting held on 8th July 2020 considered the Projet de Loi when a Resolution was passed agreeing to the application to Sark. That the Projet de Loi is as set forth in the attached Schedule. The Petition most humbly prays that Your Majesty might be graciously pleased to sanction the Marriage (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2020, and to order that it shall have force of law in the Bailiwick of Guernsey.

“The Committee have considered the Projet de Loi and have agreed to report that it may be advisable for Your Majesty to approve and ratify it”.

Her Majesty, having taken the report into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve and ratify the Projet de Loi (a copy of which is annexed to this Order) and to order that it, together with this Order, shall have the force of law in the Bailiwick of Guernsey and shall be entered on the Register of the Island of Guernsey and observed accordingly.

Her Majesty’s Officers in the Bailiwick of Guernsey, and all others whom it may concern, are therefore to take notice of Her Majesty’s Order and to proceed accordingly.

Richard Tilbrook



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 14th DAY OF OCTOBER 2020

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

The following report from the Committee of Council for the Affairs of Jersey and Guernsey was today read at the Board:

“In accordance with Your Majesty’s General Order of Reference of 22nd February 1952 the Committee have considered a Petition of the States of Alderney:

“That, at a meeting of the States of Alderney on 9th September, 2020 the States approved a Projet de Loi entitled the Government of Alderney (Amendment) Law, 2020 and requested the President to present a most humble Petition to Your Majesty in Council praying for Your Royal Sanction to it. That the Projet de Loi is as set forth in the attached Schedule. The Petition most humbly prays that Your Majesty might be graciously pleased to sanction the Government of Alderney (Amendment) Law, 2020 and to order that it shall have force of law in the Island of Alderney.

“The Committee have considered the Projet de Loi and have agreed to report that it may be advisable for Your Majesty to approve and ratify it.”

Her Majesty, having taken the report into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve and ratify the Projet de Loi (a copy of which is annexed to this Order) and to order that it, together with this Order, shall have the force of law in the Island of Alderney; and shall be entered on the Register of the Island of Guernsey and observed accordingly.

Her Majesty’s Officers in the Bailiwick of Guernsey, and all others whom it may concern, are therefore to take notice of Her Majesty’s Order and to proceed accordingly.

Richard Tilbrook



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 14th DAY OF OCTOBER 2020

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

The Secretary of State for Justice, after giving ten days' notice of his intention to do so, has, under the Burial Act 1853 as amended, made representations to Her Majesty in Council that, subject to the exceptions below, burials should be discontinued in:-

- 1) All Saints Churchyard, Burstwick, Hull, East Riding of Yorkshire (as shown hatched on the plan annexed hereto);
- 2) St John the Evangelist Churchyard, Dewsbury Moor, Dewsbury, West Yorkshire (as shown hatched on the plan annexed hereto);
- 3) St Mary The Virgin Churchyard, Sellinge, Kent (as shown hatched on the plan annexed hereto);
- 4) St Andrew's Churchyard, Northover, Ilchester, Somerset (as shown hatched on the plan annexed hereto).

The exceptions are that:-

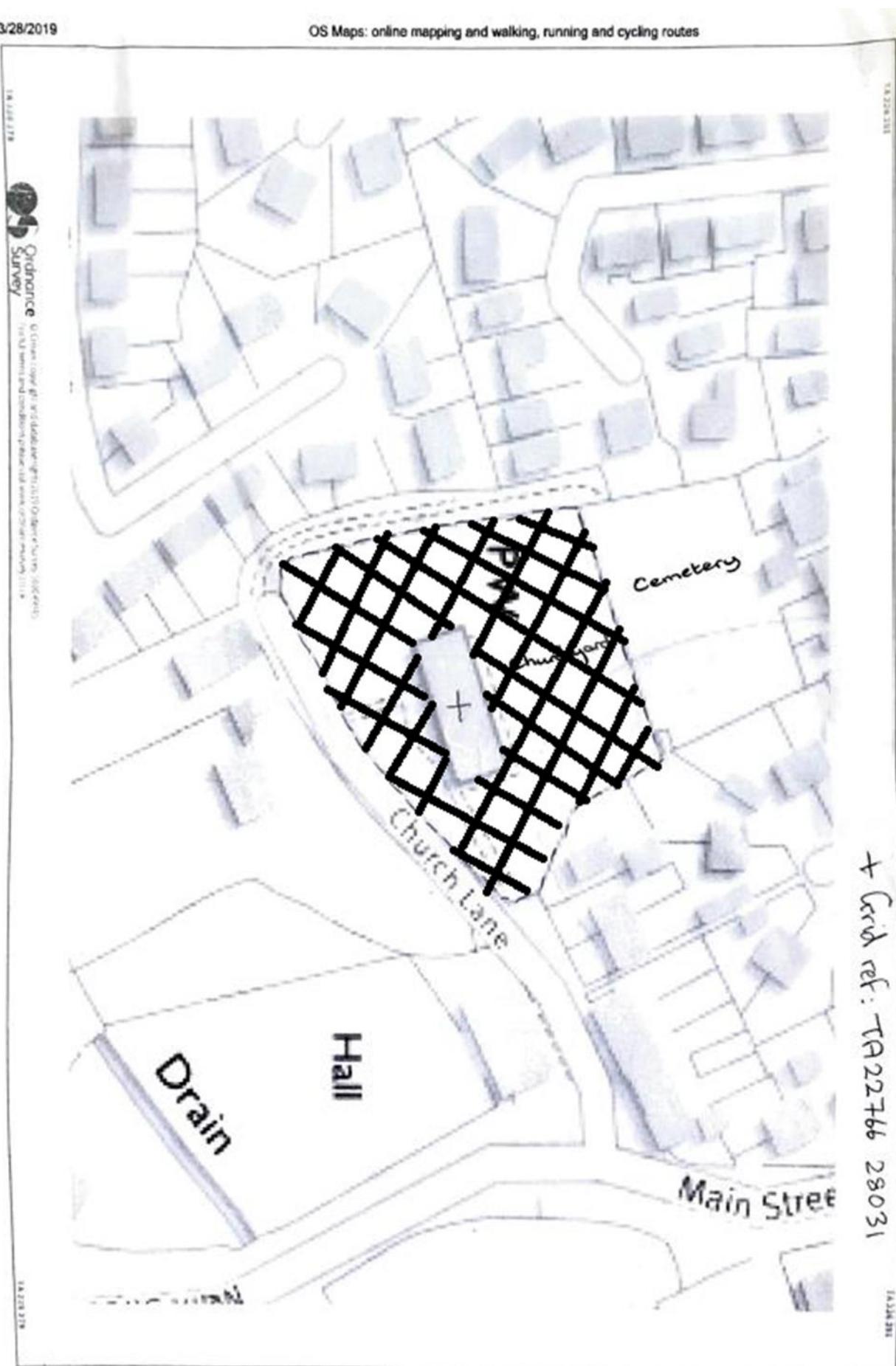
- (a) in the places numbered 2, 3 and 4 above, in any vault or walled grave in the churchyard, burial may be allowed but every coffin in such vault or grave must be separately enclosed by stonework or brick work properly cemented;
- (b) in the places numbered above, in any existing earthen grave in the churchyard, the burial may be allowed of the body of any member of the family of the person or persons previously buried in that grave, but no part of the coffin containing the body shall be less than one metre below the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the grave; and
- (c) in the places numbered above, in any grave space in which no interment has previously taken place, the burial may be allowed of any person for whom, or any member of the family for which that grave space has been reserved and appropriated, with the exclusive right of burial there, but no part of the coffin

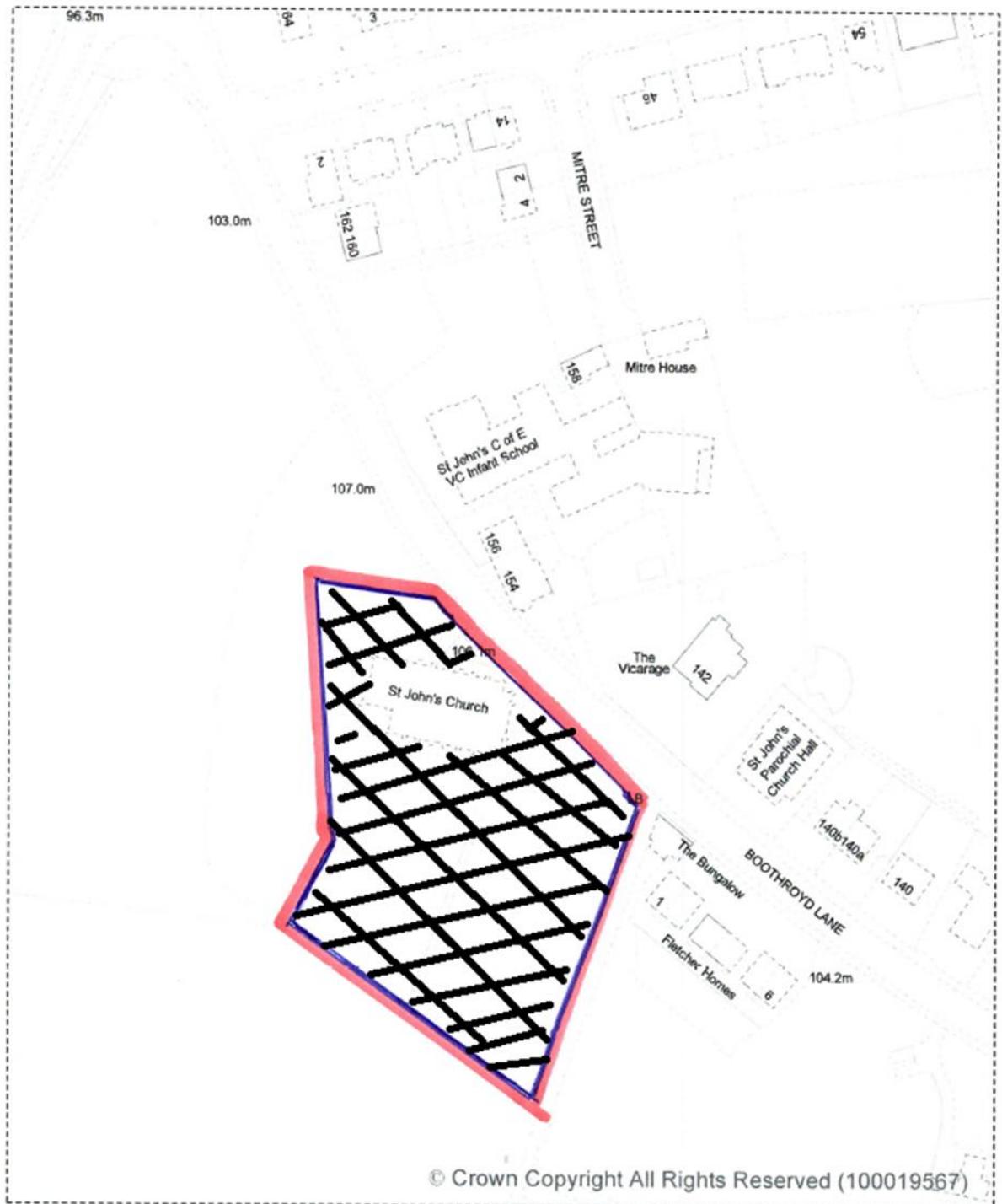
containing the body shall be less than one metre below the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the grave.

Her Majesty in Council is pleased to give Notice of these representations and to order that they be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Privy Council on 25th November 2020.

And Her Majesty is further pleased to direct that this Order should be published in the London Gazette, and that copies of it should be fixed on the doors of the Churches or Chapels of the above mentioned places, or displayed conspicuously inside them, for one month before 25th November 2020.

Richard Tilbrook





**St Mary The Virgin Churchyard
Sellindge, Kent**



Area to be closed



St Andrew, Northover, Ilchester, Somerset



Area to be closed





At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 14th DAY OF OCTOBER 2020

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

Representations were duly made to Her Majesty in Council by the Secretary of State for Justice that, subject to the exceptions below, burials should be discontinued forthwith in All Saints Churchyard, Crawley Down, West Sussex (as shown hatched on the plan annexed hereto).

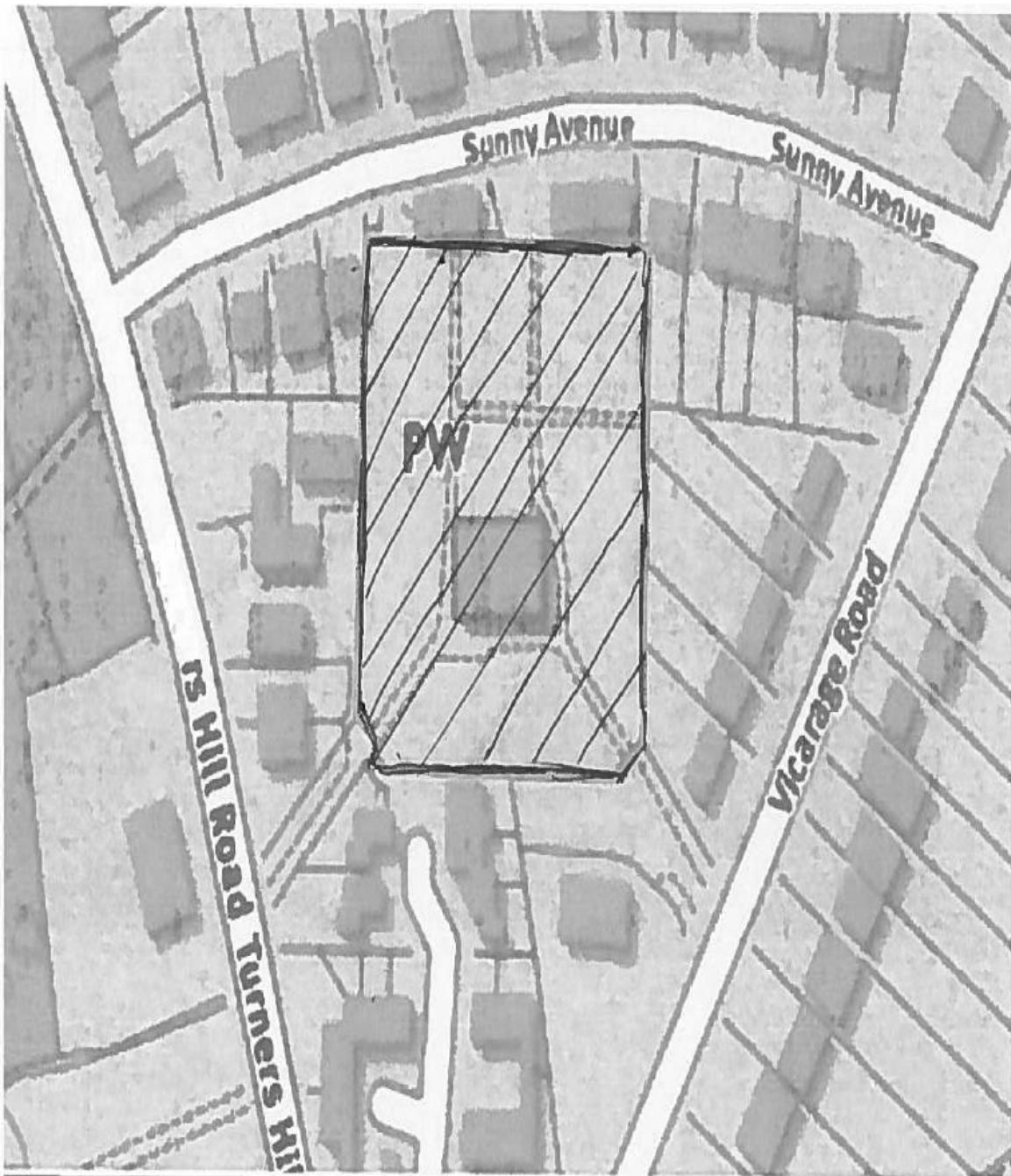
In pursuance of the Order in Council made on 12th February 2020 these representations have been published and taken into consideration by a Committee of the Privy Council.

Accordingly, Her Majesty, in exercise of the powers conferred on Her by section 1 of the Burial Act 1853, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order that burials shall be discontinued forthwith in the place listed above, subject to the following exceptions:-

- (a) in any vault or walled grave in the churchyard, burial may be allowed but every coffin in such vault or grave must be separately enclosed by stonework or brick work properly cemented;
- (b) in any existing earthen grave in the churchyard, the burial may be allowed of the body of any member of the family of the person or persons previously buried in that grave, but no part of the coffin containing the body shall be less than one metre below the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the grave; and
- (c) in any grave space in which no interment has previously taken place, the burial may be allowed of any person for whom, or any member of the family for which that grave space has been reserved and appropriated, with the exclusive right of burial there, but no part of the coffin containing the body shall be less than one metre below the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the grave.

Richard Tilbrook

All Saints Churchyard, Crawley Down, West Sussex



Area to be closed

